TRIDONIC

Electronic ballasts for high-intensity discharge lamps Indoor HI

HI

PCI TOP C011 PKL Single

PCI TOP, built-in application

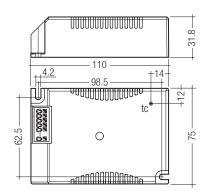
Product description

- · For quartz and ceramic lamps
- Also for mobile luminaires with connectors
- Pulse packets for increased ignition energy (pulseCONTROL technology)
- Flicker-free light
- · Colour stability thanks to constant power
- · Low power loss
- · Low weight
- · No acoustic resonance
- Safety shutdown if a lamp is faulty or missing
- Greatly reduced reignition time
- Hardly any EMC interference in the ignition phase
- · Automatic shutdown on overheating
- Casing: polycarbonate, white, non-flammable acc. to UL94-V0; steel base plate
- Push-in terminals up to 2.5 mm²

Technical data

Mains voltage range	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 254 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Max. ignition voltage	5 kVp
Operating frequency	140 Hz
Type of protection	IP20





Ordering data

Туре	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
For luminaires with 1 lamp					
PCI 35 TOP CO11 PKL	87500252	20 pc(s).	440 pc(s).	2,200 pc(s).	0.208 kg
PCI 50 TOP C011 PKL	87500253	20 pc(s).	440 pc(s).	2,200 pc(s).	0.209 kg
PCI 70 TOP CO11 PKL	87500254	20 pc(s).	440 pc(s).	2,200 pc(s).	0.210 kg

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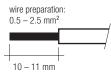
Specific	technic	al data												
Lamp wattage	Lamp type	Туре	Article number	Dimensions L x W x H	Lamp wattage	Circuit power®	EEI	Efficiency	Current at 50 Hz 230 V	λ at 50 Hz 230 V	Max. cable length to lamp	tc point max.	Ambient temperature ta	tc/ta for ≥ 50,000 h
For lumin	aires w	ith 1 lamp												
1 x 35 W	HI	PCI 35 TOP C011 PKL	87500252	110 x 75 x 32 mm	39 W	44.0 W	A2	> 87 %	0.20 A	0.97	1.5 m / 120 pF	80 °C	-20 +60 °C	80/60 °C
1 x 50 W	HI	PCI 50 TOP C011 PKL	87500253	110 x 75 x 32 mm	50 W	55.0 W	A2	> 89 %	0.25 A	0.96	1.5 m / 120 pF	75 °C	-20 +55 °C	75/55 °C
1 x 70 W	HI	PCI 70 TOP C011 PKL	87500254	110 x 75 x 32 mm	73 W	80.5 W	A2	> 90 %	0.35 A	0.97	1.5 m / 120 pF	75 °C	-20 +50 °C	75/50 °C
① Δt ta - 26	5.00													

At ta = 25 °C.

Installation instructions

Wiring type and cross section

Stranded wire with ferrule or solid wire up to 2.5 mm^2 may be used for wiring. Strip 10-11 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-in terminals. Use one wire for each terminal connector only.



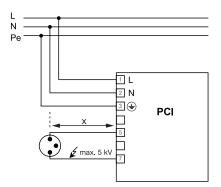
Note on wiring

The length of the lamp wires is limited by the value of cable capacitance. The maximum of 120 pF would enable connection of approximately 1.5 m of lamp wire.

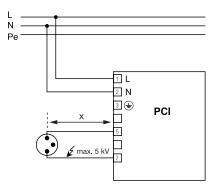
To avoid the damage of the control gear, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

In class I luminaires it is necessary to earth the ballast and the luminaire via the protective earth conductor terminal.

In class II luminaires earth is only needed for special functional reasons but if earth will be connected it has to be protective earth PE.



Circuit diagram PCI class 1 application

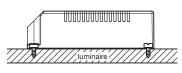


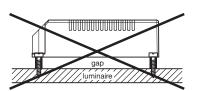
Circuit diagram PCI class 2 application

Mounting recommendation

Optimum heat transport can help improving the lifetime. Whenever possible keep the ballast away from hot parts.

To ensure optimum heat removal the ECG should be mounted on a metal plate (luminaire body). No insulators between the ECG and the the cooling surface (air, adhesive tape, etc.). Finally important remains the temperature measurement.





If several ballasts are installed in masts, boxes, etc., measures must be taken to avoid overheating of individual components.

Radio interference

- Do not cross mains and lamp cables.
- Do not lay mains cables together with lamp cables (ideally they should be 5–10 cm apart).
- Do not lead mains cables too closely along the electronic ballast.
- · Twist lamp cables.
- Increase the distance between lamp cables and earthed metal surfaces.
- Keep the mains cable in the luminaire short.
- Parallel runs (x) of mains and lamp cables must be kept as short as possible.

Important advise

When a lamp is changed (at the end of its life), if a lamp is missing or after overtemperature shutdown the mains voltage of the ECG must be disconnected.

Warning – starting voltage up to max. 5 kV!

Not suitable for use with lamps with integral ignitors. A list of released lamps for the save operation with PCI can be found on <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data \rightarrow Lamp matrix \rightarrow Lamp matrix for HID

Safety switch off

End of life of the lamps

At the end of their useful life, lamps often cycle on/ off. The PCI ballast recognises this condition and switches off the lamp, after three complete on/ off cycles and whilst the supply has been unswitched. Complete lamp switch off enables easy identification of a defective lamp in the application. After a change of the faulty lamp and an interruption of the mains supply (mains reset) the ballast will strike the lamp. When there is no lamp in circuit or a defective lamp is connected to the ballast, the ballast will switch off after apr. 25 minutes.

Overtemperature shutdown

The units shut down at Δt approx. +10 ... 20 °C compared with tc. A mains reset must be carried out so that the units switch on again.

Overload strength

320 V for 1 h, 280 V for 10 h

Standards

EN 55015 (radio interference) IEC 61000-3-2 (mains harmonics) IEC 61347-2-12 IEC 61547 (interference immunity) IEC 61167

Glow wire test acc. to EN60598-1

650 °C passed 850 °C passed 960 °C passed

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply

	THD
Туре	at 230 V/50 Hz
PCI 35 TOP C011 PKL	< 10 %
PCI 50 TOP C011 PKL	< 10 %
PCI 70 TOP C011 PKL	< 10 %

Ballast lumen factor EN 60929 8.1

	AC-BLF
Туре	at U = 198–254 V, 25 °C
PCI 35 TOP C011 PKL	1.00
PCI 50 TOP C011 PKL	1.00
PCI 70 TOP C011 PKL	1.00

Loading of automatic circuit breakers

Louding of automatio of our broakers								
Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²
PCI 35 TOP C011 PKL	28	40	44	58	14	20	22	29
PCI 50 TOP C011 PKL	18	28	30	36	9	14	15	18
PCI 70 TOP C011 PKL	18	28	30	36	9	14	15	18

Temperature range

The ta temperature value is the basis for specifying the rated life.

The relationship between the tc temperature and the ta temperature depends on the design of the luminaire. If the measured tc temperature is approximately 5 K under the tc max. temperature the ta temperature should be checked and, if necessary, measurements should be taken on the critical components (e.g. electrolytic capacitor). Detailed information is available on request.

PCI TOP C011 PKL is designed for an average life of 50,000 hours under rated conditions, with a failure probability of less than 10%. This corresponds to an average failure rate of 0.25% per 1,000 hours of operation.

The specified to temperature is the maximum permitted value (rated temperature according to EN 61347-1). Above this safety-related value the thermal cutout protects the device against damage. The expected life-time values are shown in the following table. The to values are the relevant values here.

Expected life-time

Туре	Lamp type	Lamp power	ta	40 °C	45 °C	50 °C	55 °C	60 °C
PCI 35 W TOP C011 PKL H	н	1x35 W	tc	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	80 °C
			Life-time	> 50,000 h	> 50,000 h	> 50,000 h	50,000 h	50,000 h
PCI 50 W TOP C011 PKL	н	1x50 W	tc	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	х
			Life-time	> 50,000 h	> 50,000 h	50,000 h	50,000 h	х
PCI 70 W TOP C011 PKL	HI 1	1 1x70 W	tc	65 °C	70 °C	75 °C	х	х
			Life-time	> 50,000 h	50,000 h	50,000 h	х	х

x ... not permitted

Storage conditions

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %, not condensed (max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

Isolation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an isolation test with $500 \, V_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The isolation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Services

No warranty if device was opened.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with $1500 V_{AC}$ (or $1.414 \times 1500 V_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.